WHAT SH-CAPAC IS SUPPOSED TO ACCOMPLISH BY THE END OF 2016

Objectives, nature and expected results of the project

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THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT I

- As far as the health related needs are concerned there is a compounded effect of acute critical health needs that warrant humanitarian interventions as well as continuos health needs that require access to regular comprehensive health care and public health interventions provided by the regular countries' health systems.
- This requires an enormous coordinated effort of governments, Red Cross societies (IFRC), NGOs, the European Comission (DG Sante, CHAFEA,ECHO,UCPM,ECDC), the IOM and the UN agencies, especially UNHCR, WHO, UNICEF,UNFPA and OCHA.

THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT II

- Significant engagement and support from Member States and from the International community is of the essence.
- It is critical to support and build capacity of the EU Member States to respond to the challenge of increased migratory pressure and refugees and asylum seekers influx
- The project has a predominantly regional approach developing tools and instruments, convening workshops to disseminate them and promote the engagement of Member States
- It has also a small component in some of the Work Packages of individual technical support missions to EU Member Staes who are willing to receive the project support

BENEFICIARIES

Ultimate

•Registered and unregistered refugees asylum seekers and other migrants (currently 1,000.000 possibly rising to 2 million or more at the end of 2016) entering the European Union as a consequence of conflict, violence, or persecution in origin countries (mainly but not exclusively from Syria, Afghanistan and Iraq).as well as other migrants who are fleeing other kinds of hardship (poverty, climate change,,.) consequences of adverse life in "failed States".

Direct

- •National and regional health authorities of health systems of each EU Member State faced with the challenge of providing a coordinated response to the current influx of refugee, asylum seekers and other migrant's population, entering the EU space temporarily or permanently.
- •The health workers of health districts, local health systems, community health centres and local hospitals in government institutions, NGOs and Red Crescent facilities, who are responsible for the provision of health services, the organisation and management of public health interventions, and the conduct of health assessments in connection with the refugee, asylum seekers and other migrants' population.

TARGETCOUNTRIES

Countries of First Arrival and Transit Countries:

Bulgaria

Croatia

Greece

Hungary

Italy

Romania

Slovakia

Slovenia

Traditional Destination Countries

Austria

Belgium

Denmark

France

Germany

Malta

Sweden

The Netherlands

New Destination Countries

Portugal Poland Spain

GENERAL OBJECTIVE

The general objective of the project is to:

Support Member States under particular migratory pressure in their response to health related challenges

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES I

SO1

Support Member States, in close collaboration with WHO, IOM, OCHA UNHCR, and other relevant international stakeholders, in the establishment of national and international **health sector coordination mechanisms** (similar to the architecture of the humanitarian health cluster) for implementing a coherent and consolidated national and international response to the health needs of the refugee asylum seekers and other migrants population especially in Member States of the Western Balkans' route and of the Mediterr.nean coast under migratory pressure,

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES II

SO2

Support Member States in the analysis of health challenges and unmet health needs that the massive refugee, asylum seekers and other migrants flows pose, as well as in conducting periodic assessments of the health care response and public health interventions needed (to be implemented by governments, Red Cross and NGOs) by the refugee and asylum seeker population,

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES III

SO3

Support Member States in developing action plans for implementing a public health response and for reinforcing their health systems in order to respond to the challenges of the refugee, asylum seekers and other migrants influx

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES IV

SO4

Support Member States in **promoting and ensuring access** of the refugee, asylum seekers and other migrants populations to health care and public health interventions through the development and dissemination of a **resource package** to reorient local strategies and plans.

SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES V

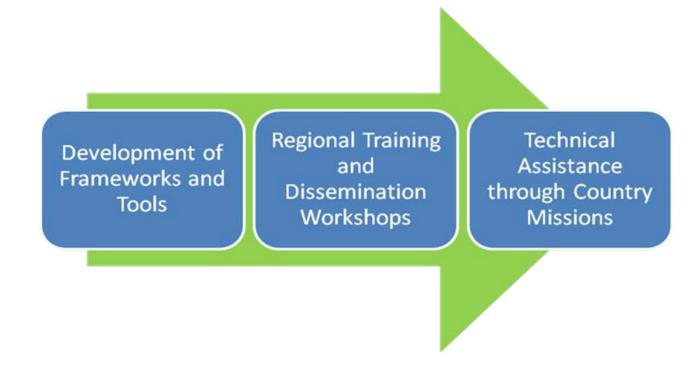
SO5

Build national capacity through training of trainers in affected countries who can implement training activities for health workers, so they can develop intercultural competences and have a clear understanding of a migrant sensitive health care delivery model, respecting human rights and dignity.

METHODS AND MEANS

- Developing the necessary instruments and tools through a division of labour among the members of the consortium,
- Carrying out regional advocacy and capacity building activities (seminars and workshops), organized by the members of the consortium with the participation of relevant stakeholders from the target countries,
- Conducting missions/site visits to those target countries, which are interested in receiving technical assistance from the consortium, to develop country specific activities within the scope of the project,
- Coordinate with the national health authorities in the target countries, as well as with other relevant national stakeholders (i.e. Red Cross and NGOs) involved in responding to the health needs of the refugee population,
- Coordinate with the international organizations working to respond to health needs of refugees, asylum seekers and other migrants in the target countries, especially WHO, IOM, UNHCR, OCHA, IFRC and the EC
- Coordinate with other grantees under this call for optimisation and coordination of resources and impact.

LOGIC OF THE PROJECT



INTERELATEDENESS OF THE WORK PACKAGES



EXPECTED OUTCOMES

- Have a framework for coordination for building a coherent national and international response to meet the health needs of the refugees, asylum seekers and other migrant's population States and implement it in at least 6 target countries
- Have an instrument for the assessments of health challenges posed by the massive refugee flow and of the health care response and public health interventions needed for the refugees, asylum seekers and other migrants' population and applied it in at least 8 affected countries
- Have a framework for implementing a public health response and strengthen a country's health system in order to address the needs posed by the refugees, asylum seekers and other migrants' influx and support its formulation in at least 8 affected countries.
- Develop and disseminate a resource package to reorient local strategies and plans for promoting and ensuring access of the refugee, asylum seekers and other migrants populations to health care and public health interventions and have an adoption of tools and measures contained in the resource package in at least 8 countries targeted.
- Have a framework developed by the consortium for a migrant-sensitive health care delivery model to be implemented in entry, transit and destination countries and to have 240 health workers of health districts with a high case load of refugees in at least 8 target countries trained using the MEM-TP modules

CHANGES TO OCURR AT THE END OF 2016

- •Target countries that participate in the project will have implemented a coordinated approach to organize the multi-stakeholder health sector response to the refugee influx in their territory
- •Target countries that engage in the activities of the project will have comprehensive public health and health systems assessments of the situation of the impact of the migratory pressures and the response needed by the national health systems
- Target countries that participate in the project will have developed action plans for addressing the health needs of refugees, asylum seekers and other migrants.
- •Target countries that engage in the project will have taken the necessary measures to improve access to health care and public health interventions for the refugees, asylum seekers and other migrants in their territories and health systems
- •Target countries participating in the project will have developed institution capacity and workforce competence to provide migrant sensitive health services